

# ADVANCED SUBSIDIARY GCE MATHEMATICS

Probability & Statistics 1

4732

Candidates answer on the Answer Booklet

#### **OCR Supplied Materials:**

- 8 page Answer Booklet
- List of Formulae (MF1)

### **Other Materials Required:**

None

Monday 15 June 2009 Afternoon

Duration: 1 hour 30 minutes



#### **INSTRUCTIONS TO CANDIDATES**

- Write your name clearly in capital letters, your Centre Number and Candidate Number in the spaces provided on the Answer Booklet.
- Use black ink. Pencil may be used for graphs and diagrams only.
- Read each question carefully and make sure that you know what you have to do before starting your answer.
- Answer all the questions.
- Do **not** write in the bar codes.
- Give non-exact numerical answers correct to 3 significant figures unless a different degree of accuracy is specified in the question or is clearly appropriate.
- You are permitted to use a graphical calculator in this paper.

#### **INFORMATION FOR CANDIDATES**

- The number of marks is given in brackets [] at the end of each question or part question.
- You are reminded of the need for clear presentation in your answers.
- The total number of marks for this paper is 72.
- This document consists of 4 pages. Any blank pages are indicated.

20% of packets of a certain kind of cereal contain a free gift. Jane buys one packet a week for 8 weeks. The number of free gifts that Jane receives is denoted by *X*. Assuming that Jane's 8 packets can be regarded as a random sample, find

(i) 
$$P(X = 3)$$
,

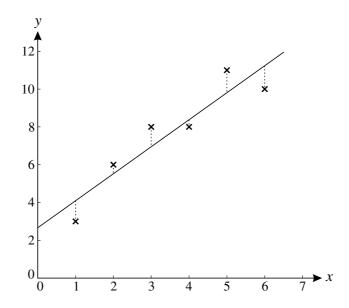
(ii) 
$$P(X \ge 3)$$
, [2]

(iii) 
$$E(X)$$
. [2]

- 2 Two judges placed 7 dancers in rank order. Both judges placed dancers A and B in the first two places, but in opposite orders. The judges agreed about the ranks for all the other 5 dancers. Calculate the value of Spearman's rank correlation coefficient. [4]
- 3 In an agricultural experiment, the relationship between the amount of water supplied, x units, and the yield, y units, was investigated. Six values of x were chosen and for each value of x the corresponding value of y was measured. The results are shown in the table.

x	1	2	3	4	5	6
у	3	6	8	8	11	10

These results, together with the regression line of y on x, are plotted on the graph.



- (i) Give a reason why the regression line of x on y is not suitable in this context. [1]
- (ii) Explain the significance, for the regression line of y on x, of the distances shown by the vertical dotted lines in the diagram. [2]
- (iii) Calculate the value of the product moment correlation coefficient, r. [3]
- (iv) Comment on your value of r in relation to the diagram. [2]

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4	30% of people own a Talk-2 phone. People are selected at random, one at a time, and asked whether
	they own a Talk-2 phone. The number of people questioned, up to and including the first person who
	owns a Talk-2 phone, is denoted by $X$ . Find

(i) 
$$P(X = 4)$$
,

(ii) 
$$P(X > 4)$$
, [2]

(iii) 
$$P(X < 6)$$
.

5 The diameters of 100 pebbles were measured. The measurements rounded to the nearest millimetre, x, are summarised in the table.

X	$10 \le x \le 19$	$20 \leqslant x \leqslant 24$	$25 \leqslant x \leqslant 29$	$30 \leqslant x \leqslant 49$
Number of stones	25	22	29	24

These data are to be presented on a statistical diagram.

- (i) For a histogram, find the frequency density of the  $10 \le x \le 19$  class. [2]
- (ii) For a cumulative frequency graph, state the coordinates of the first two points that should be plotted. [2]
- (iii) Why is it not possible to draw an exact box-and-whisker plot to illustrate the data? [1]
- 6 Last year Eleanor played 11 rounds of golf. Her scores were as follows:

- (i) Calculate the mean of these scores and show that the standard deviation is 5.31, correct to 3 significant figures. [4]
- (ii) Find the median and interquartile range of the scores. [4]

This year, Eleanor also played 11 rounds of golf. The standard deviation of her scores was 4.23, correct to 3 significant figures, and the interquartile range was the same as last year.

(iii) Give a possible reason why the standard deviation of her scores was lower than last year although her interquartile range was unchanged. [1]

In golf, smaller scores mean a better standard of play than larger scores. Ken suggests that since the standard deviation was smaller this year, Eleanor's overall standard has improved.

- (iv) Explain why Ken is wrong. [1]
- (v) State what the smaller standard deviation does show about Eleanor's play. [1]

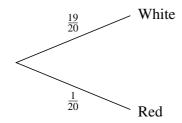
# [Questions 7, 8 and 9 are printed overleaf.]

- 7 Three letters are selected at random from the 8 letters of the word COMPUTER, without regard to order.
  - (i) Find the number of possible selections of 3 letters. [2]
  - (ii) Find the probability that the letter P is included in the selection. [3]

Three letters are now selected at random, one at a time, from the 8 letters of the word COMPUTER, and are placed in order in a line.

- (iii) Find the probability that the 3 letters form the word TOP. [3]
- A game at a charity event uses a bag containing 19 white counters and 1 red counter. To play the game once a player takes counters at random from the bag, one at a time, without replacement. If the red counter is taken, the player wins a prize and the game ends. If not, the game ends when 3 white counters have been taken. Niko plays the game once.
  - (i) (a) Copy and complete the tree diagram showing the probabilities for Niko. [4]

# First counter



- (b) Find the probability that Niko will win a prize.
- (ii) The number of counters that Niko takes is denoted by X.

(a) Find 
$$P(X = 3)$$
.

[3]

- (b) Find E(X).
- **9** Repeated independent trials of a certain experiment are carried out. On each trial the probability of success is 0.12.
  - (i) Find the smallest value of n such that the probability of at least one success in n trials is more than 0.95.
  - (ii) Find the probability that the 3rd success occurs on the 7th trial. [5]



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# 4732 Probability & Statistics 1

Total		8	
	Close to st line or line good fit	B1 2	Not line accurate. Not fits trend
iv	Near 1 or lg, high, strong, good corr'n or relnship oe	B1ft	r  small: allow little (or no) corr'n oe
	= 0.930 (3 sf)	A1 3	0.929 or 0.93 with or without wking B1M1A0 SC incorrect <i>n</i> : max B1M1A0
	$S_{xy} = 25 \qquad \text{or } 4.17$ $r = \frac{S_{xy}}{\sqrt{(S_{xy}S_{yy})}}$	M1	or $186 - \frac{21 \times 46}{6}$ dep B1
iii	$S_{xx} = 17.5$ or 2.92 $S_{yy} = 41.3$ or 6.89	B1	or $91 - 21^2/_6$ or $394 - 46^2/_6$ B1 for any one
ii	(line given by) minimum sum of squs	B1 B1 2	B1 for "minimum" or "least squares" with inadequate or no explanation
<i>J</i> 1	Value of $y$ was measured for each $x$ $x$ not dependent		dependent or yield not control water supply Not just y is dependent Not x goes up in equal intervals Not x is fixed
Total 3 i	x independent or controlled or changed	<b>4</b> B1 1	Allow Water affects yield, or yield is
m . 1	$=\frac{27}{28}$ or 0.964 (3 sfs)	A1	1234567 & 1276543 (ans <sup>2</sup> / <sub>7</sub> ): MR, lose A1
	$1 - \frac{6 \times "2"}{7(7^2 - 1)}$	M1dep	$S_{xy}/\sqrt{(S_{xx}S_{yy})}$ M1 dep B1
2	first two $d$ 's = $\pm 1$ $\sum d^2$ attempted (= 2)	B1 M1	$S_{xx} \text{ or } S_{yy} = 28  \text{B1}$ $S_{xy} = 27  \text{B1}$
Total		7	g g 20 Di
iii	8 × 0.2 oe 1.6	M1 A1 2	$8 \times 0.2 = 2 \text{ M1A0}$ $1.6 \div 8 \text{ or}^{-1}/_{1.6} \text{ M0A0}$
	= 0.203 (3 sf)	A1 2	or equiv using formula
ii	1-0.7969	M1	allow 1– 0.9437 or 0.056(3)
	$0.9437 - 0.7969$ or ${}^{8}C_{3} \times 0.2^{3} \times 0.8^{5}$ = 0.147 (3 sfs)	M1 A1 3	
i	Binomial stated	M1	or implied by use of tables or ${}^{8}C_{3}$ or $0.2^{a} \times 0.8^{b}$ $(a+b=8)$
1			Q1: if consistent "0.8" incorrect or $^{1}/_{8}$ , $^{7}/_{8}$ or 0.02 allow M marks in ii , iii & 1 <sup>st</sup> M1 in i

4			Q4: if consistent "0.7" incorrect or $^{1}/_{3}$ , $^{2}/_{3}$ or 0.03 allow M marks in ii , iii & 1 <sup>st</sup> M1 in i
i	Geo stated $0.7^3 \times 0.3$ alone $^{1029}/_{10000}$ or 0.103 (3 sf)	M1 M1 A1 3	or implied by $q^n \times p$ alone $(n > 1)$ $0.7^3 - 0.7^4$
ii	$0.7^4$ alone = $^{2401}/_{10000}$ or 0.240 (3 sf)	M1 A1 2	$ \begin{array}{c} 1 - (0.3 + 0.7 \times 0.3 + 0.7^{2} \times 0.3 + 0.7^{3} \times 0.3) \\ \text{NB } 1 - 0.7^{4} : \text{M0} \end{array} $
iii	$1 - 0.7^5$	M2	or $0.3 + 0.7 \times 0.3 + + \dots + 0.7^4 \times 0.3$ M2 M1 for one term extra or omitted or wrong or for $1-$ (above) M1 for $1-0.7^6$ or $0.7^5$
	= 0.832 (3 sfs)	A1 3	NB Beware: $1 - 0.7^6 = 0.882$
	2.5	8	
5i	=2.5	M1 A1 2	Allow <sup>25</sup> / <sub>(9to10)</sub> or 2.78: M1
ii	(19.5, 25) (9.5, 0)	B1 B1 2	Allow (24.5, 47) Both reversed: SC B1 If three given, ignore (24.5, 47)
iii	Don't know exact or specific values of x (or min or max or quartiles or median or whiskers). oe Can only estimate (min or max or quartiles or median or whiskers) oe Can't work out () oe Data is grouped oe	B1 1	Exact data not known  Allow because data is rounded
Total		5	

6i	$\Sigma x \div 11$		M1		
	70	A1			
	$\Sigma x^2$ attempted	M1		_, 2	
		1011	$\geq$ 5 terms, or $\sum (x-1)^{n}$	$(\overline{x})^2$	
	$\sum x^2$ -2 (54210) -22 (5.54210)			$\sqrt{\sum_{i} - \sum_{j} 2}$	
	$\sqrt{\frac{\sum x^2}{11}} - \overline{x}^2 = \sqrt{(54210)}/(11) - 70^2$ or $\sqrt{28.18}$ or			or $\sqrt{\frac{\sum(x-\overline{x})^2}{11}} = \sqrt{3}$	$\frac{10}{11}$ or $\sqrt{28.18}$
	V 11			$\int_{0}^{\infty} \int_{0}^{\infty} \int_{0$	711 01 120.10
	5.309			ie correct substn or re	esult
				le correct substit of re	zsuit
	(=5.31) <b>AG</b>		4	$If \times {}^{11}/_{10}$ : M1A1M1A0	
	(			11 ~ / [0. 141174114117	
			λ <i>1</i> 1		
ii	Attempt arrange in ord	er	M1		
	med = 67		A1		
	74 and 66		M1	or $(72.5 - 76.5) - (65.5 - 66.5)$ incl	
	IQR = 8		A1 4	must be from 74 – 66	<b>)</b>
				iii, iv & v: ignore ext	rac
		41-in	D1 1		
iii	no (or fewer) extremes	2	B1 1	fewer high &/or low	
	sd takes account of all			highest score(s) less t	than last year
	sd affected by extremes	S			
	less spread tho' middle	50% same		Not less spread or more consistent	
	less spread tho' 3 <sup>rd</sup> & 9	th same or same gap		Not range less	
		Swille of Swille Swb		1,001,000	
iv	sd measures spread or	variation or	B1 1	sd less means spread	is less ne
1 4	_	variation of	וום		
	consistency oe			or marks are closer to	ogether de
			5	11 1	
V	more consistent, more similar,		B1 1	allow less variance	
	closer together, nearer to mean				
	less spread			Not range less	
	1			Not highest & lowest	closer
				8	
Total			11		
7i	<sup>8</sup> C <sub>3</sub>		M1		
/1	= 56		A1 2		
	- 30		AI Z		
	7 0-	11, 2	7.54	8 7 6	7, 6, 5.
ii	$^{7}\text{C}_{2} \text{ or or } ^{7}\text{P}_{2} / {}^{8}\text{P}_{3}$	<sup>1</sup> / <sub>8</sub> not from incorrect	M1	${}^{8}C_{1}+{}^{7}C_{1}+{}^{6}C_{1}$ or 21	$^{7}/_{8} \times ^{6}/_{7} \times ^{5}/_{6}$
				or $8 \times 7 \times 6$	
		$\times$ 3 only		or"/ $_8$ ×"/ $_7$ ×"/ $_6$	
	$\frac{\div(^{8}\text{C}_{3} \text{ or "56"}) \text{ only}}{=^{3}/_{8}}$		M1		1 – prod 3 probs
	$=\frac{3}{2}$	or ${}^{1}/_{8}+{}^{7}/_{8}^{1}/_{7}+{}^{7}/_{8}^{6}/_{7}^{1}/$	A1 3	indep, dep ans < 1	Promo proce
	/ 8	181 180 171 180 170 1	111 3	macp, acp ans \ 1	
:::	8D 200746 - 8C	1.6. 	N / 1	1/ /1/ /1/1- 3/	[] If v an v M1
iii	$^{8}P_{3}$ or $8\times7\times6$ or $^{8}C_{1}\times^{7}C_{1}\times^{6}C_{1}$ or 336		M1	$1/8 \times 1/2 \times 1/6$ only M	12 II $\times$ or $\div$ : MI
	. 0				$(^{1}/_{8})^{3}$ M1
	$1 \div {}^8P_3$ only		M1		
	$= \frac{1}{336}$ or 0.00298 (3 sf)				
Total		•	A1 3 8		
10141	į .		, ,	l .	

8ia	18/ <sub>19</sub> or <sup>1</sup> / <sub>19</sub> seen 17/ <sub>18</sub> or <sup>1/</sup> <sub>18</sub> seen structure correct ie 6 branches all correct incl. probs and W & R		regardless of probs & labels (or 14 branches with correct 0s & 1s)	
b	$\frac{1}{20} + \frac{19}{20} \times \frac{1}{19} + \frac{19}{20} \times \frac{18}{19} \times \frac{1}{18}$ $= \frac{3}{20}$	M2 A1 3	M1 any 2 correct terms added $ \begin{vmatrix} 19/_{20} \times 18/_{19} \times 17/_{18} \\ 1 - 19/_{20} \times 18/_{19} \times 17/_{18} \end{vmatrix} $	
iia	$\begin{bmatrix} ^{19}/_{20} \times ^{18}/_{19} \\ = ^{9}/_{10} \text{ oe} \end{bmatrix}$	M1 A1 2	$^{19}/_{20} \times ^{18}/_{19} \times ^{1}/_{18} + ^{19}/_{20} \times ^{18}/_{19} \times ^{17}/_{18} \text{ or } ^{1}/_{20} + ^{17}/_{20}$	
ь	$(P(X=1) = {}^{1}/_{20})$ ${}^{19}/_{20} \times {}^{1}/_{19}$ $= {}^{1}/_{20}$ $\sum xp$ $= {}^{57}/_{20} \text{ or } 2.85$	M1 A1 M1 A1 4	or $1 - (^{1}/_{20} + ^{9}/_{10})$ or 2 probs of $^{1}/_{20}$ M1A1 $\geq 2$ terms, ft their $p$ 's if $\Sigma p = 1$ NB: $^{19}/_{20} \times 3 = 2.85$ no mks	
ia			With replacement:	
ib			Original scheme $ \frac{\frac{1}{20} + \frac{19}{20} \times \frac{1}{20} + {\frac{19}{20}}^2 \times \frac{1}{20}}{\text{or } 1 - {\frac{19}{20}}^2} \qquad M1 $	
iia			$(^{19}/_{20})^2$ or $(^{19}/_{20})^2 \times ^1/_{20} + (^{19}/_{20})^2 \times ^{19}/_{20}$ M1	
b			Original scheme But NB ans 2.85(25) M1A0M1A0	
Total		13		

		T .	1	
9i	$(1-0.12)^n$		M1	Can be implied by $2^{nd}$ M1 allow $n-1$
	$\log 0.05$	or $0.88^{23} = 0.052$		
	$\log 0.88$	or $0.88^{24} = 0.046$	M1	or $\log_{0.88} 0.05$ or $23.4()$
	10g 0.88	01 0.88 - 0.040	1011	or 10g <sub>0.88</sub> 0.03 or 23.4()
	2.4			
	n = 24		A1 3	Ignore incorrect inequ or equals signs
ii	$^{6}\text{C}_{2} \times 0.88^{4} \times 0.12^{2}$	(=0.1295)	M3	or $0.88^4 \times 0.12^2$ M2
		,		or ${}^{6}C_{2} \times 0.88^{4} \times 0.12^{2} + \text{extra}$ M2
				or 2 successes in 6 trials implied
				or ${}^6C_2$ M1
	× 0.12		M1	$dep \ge M1$
	= 0.0155		A1 5	
				$0.88^4 \times 0.12^2 \times 0.12$ : M2M1
				$0.88^4 \times 0.12^3$ M0M0A0
				1
				unless clear P(2 success in 6 trials) $\times$ 0.12
				in which case M2M1A0
Total			8	

**Total 72 marks**